Ascent: Flyweight In Situ Visualization and Analysis for HPC Simulations

ATPESC 2022

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Cyrus Harrison (LLNL),
Nicole Marsaglia (LLNL)

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This work was performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under contract DE-AC52-07NA27344. Lawrence Livermore National Security, LLC

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ATPESC 2022: Exploring Visualization with Jupyter Notebooks

Tutorial Plan

- Short Ascent Overview (~10 min)
- Follow along Ascent Jupyter Tutorial using cloud hosted Jupyter Notebooks (~30min)

ATPESC 2022: Exploring Visualization with Jupyter Notebooks

- Ascent is an in situ visualization and analysis library for HPC Codes
- Instead of a traditional UI, we use Jupyter Notebooks for some workflows and our Ascent tutorials
- Ascent's tutorial materials provide examples of using Jupyter for scientific visualization
- For those interested in more details about how we use Jupyter:
  - Source for our Jupyter Widgets:
    - https://github.com/Alpine-DAV/ascent/blob/develop/src/ascent/python/ascent_module/py_src/jupyter.py
  - Dockerfile for the Jupyter Container we use for the tutorial:
    - https://github.com/Alpine-DAV/ascent/blob/develop/src/examples/docker/ubuntu/Dockerfile
  - Research about connecting simulation codes to Jupyter using Ascent (not demonstrated today)
    - *Interactive in situ visualization and analysis using Ascent and Jupyter*
    - https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3364228.3364232

Important links and contact info:

Ascent Resources:

- Github: https://github.com/alpine-dav/ascent
- Docs: http://ascent-dav.org/
- Tutorial Landing Page: https://www.ascent-dav.org/tutorial/

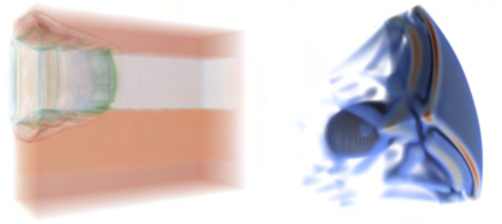
Contact Info:

Cyrus Harrison: cyrush@llnl.gov
Nicole Marsaglia: marsaglia1@llnl.gov

Ascent is an easy-to-use flyweight in situ visualization and analysis library for HPC simulations

- **Easy to use in-memory visualization and analysis**
  - Use cases: ***Making Pictures, Transforming Data,*** and ***Capturing Data***
  - Young effort, yet already supports most common visualization operations
  - Provides a simple infrastructure to integrate custom analysis
  - Provides C++, C, Python, and Fortran APIs
- **Uses a flyweight design targeted at next-generation HPC platforms**
  - Efficient distributed-memory (MPI) and many-core (CUDA or OpenMP) execution
    - Demonstrated scaling: In situ filtering and ray tracing across ***16,384 GPUs*** on LLNL's Sierra Cluster
  - Has lower memory requirements than current tools
  - Requires less dependencies than current tools (ex: no OpenGL)
    - Builds with Spack https://spack.io/

Ascent



Visualizations created using Ascent

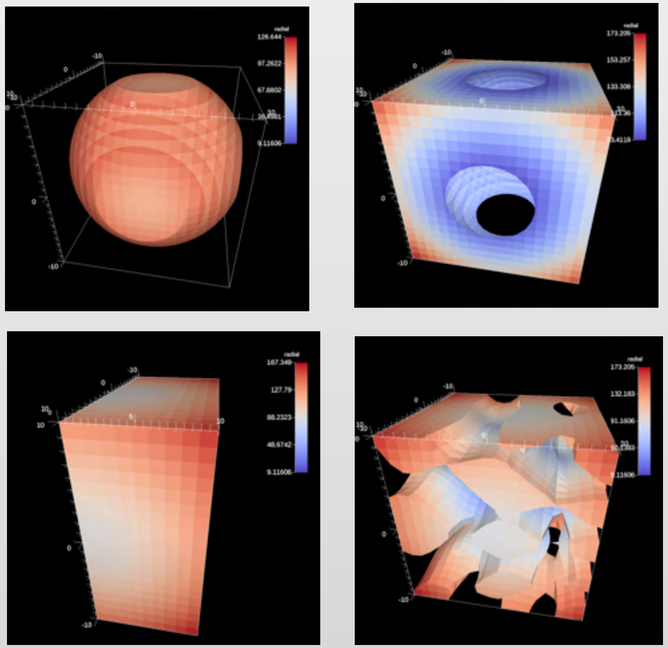
python HDF CINEMA

Extracts supported by Ascent

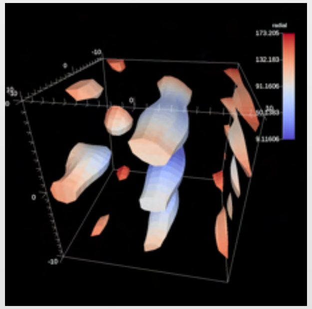
http://ascent-dav.org
https://github.com/Alpine-DAV/ascent

Website and GitHub Repo

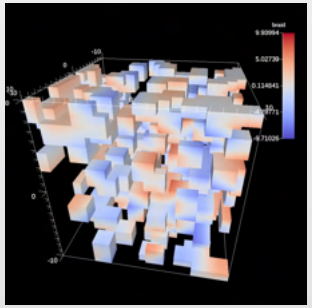
Ascent is ready for common visualization use cases



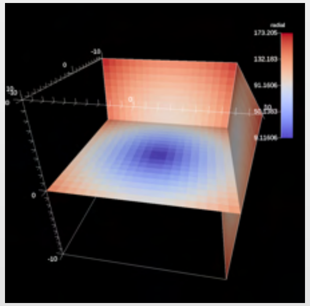
Clips



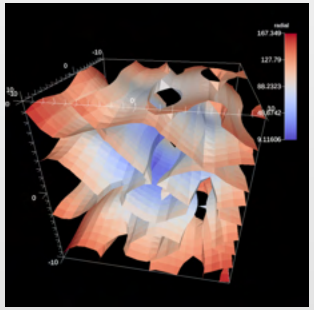
Iso-Volume



Threshold



Slice

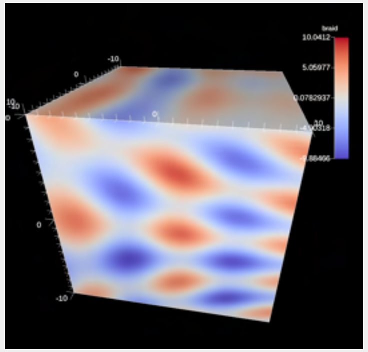


Contour

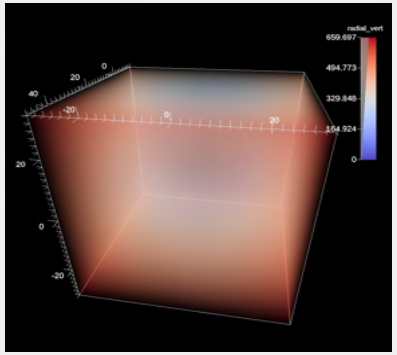
[powered by]

VTK-m mfem Devil Ray

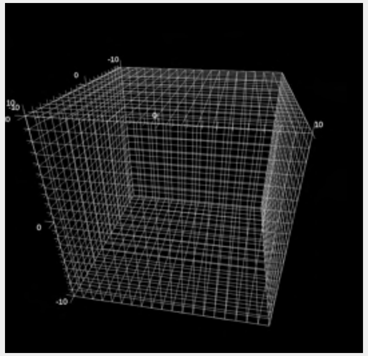
Rendering



Pseudocolor



Volume

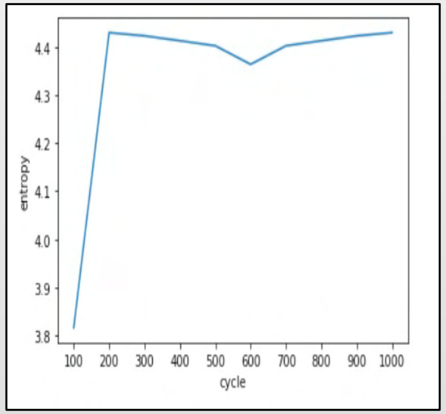


Mesh

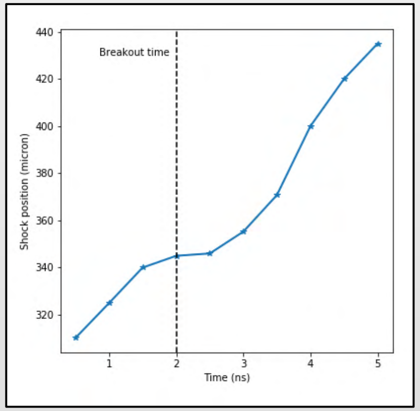
Ascent is ready for common analysis use cases

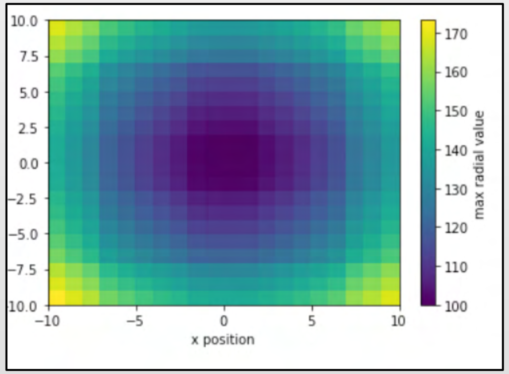
```
expression: |
  du = gradient(field('velocity','u'))
  dv = gradient(field('velocity','v'))
  dw = gradient(field('velocity','w'))
  w_x = dw.y - dv.z
  w_y = dw.z - dv.x
  w_z = dw.x - dv.y
  vector(w_x,w_y,w_z)
name: vorticity
```

Derived Fields



Time Histories



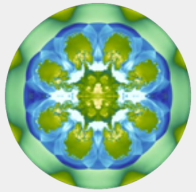


Lineouts and Spatial Binning

```
condition:
  entropy - history(entropy,
             relative_index = 1) > 0.5
```

Triggers

Extracts



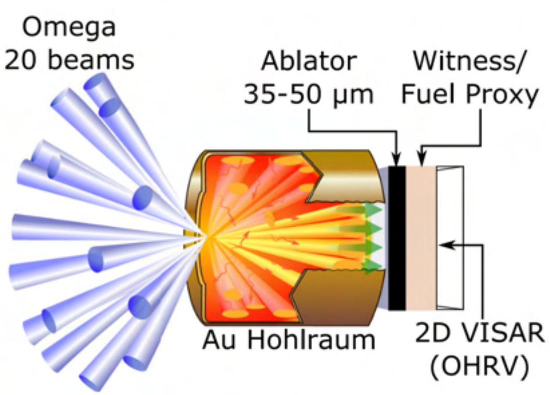
Scalar Images

HDF5 Files

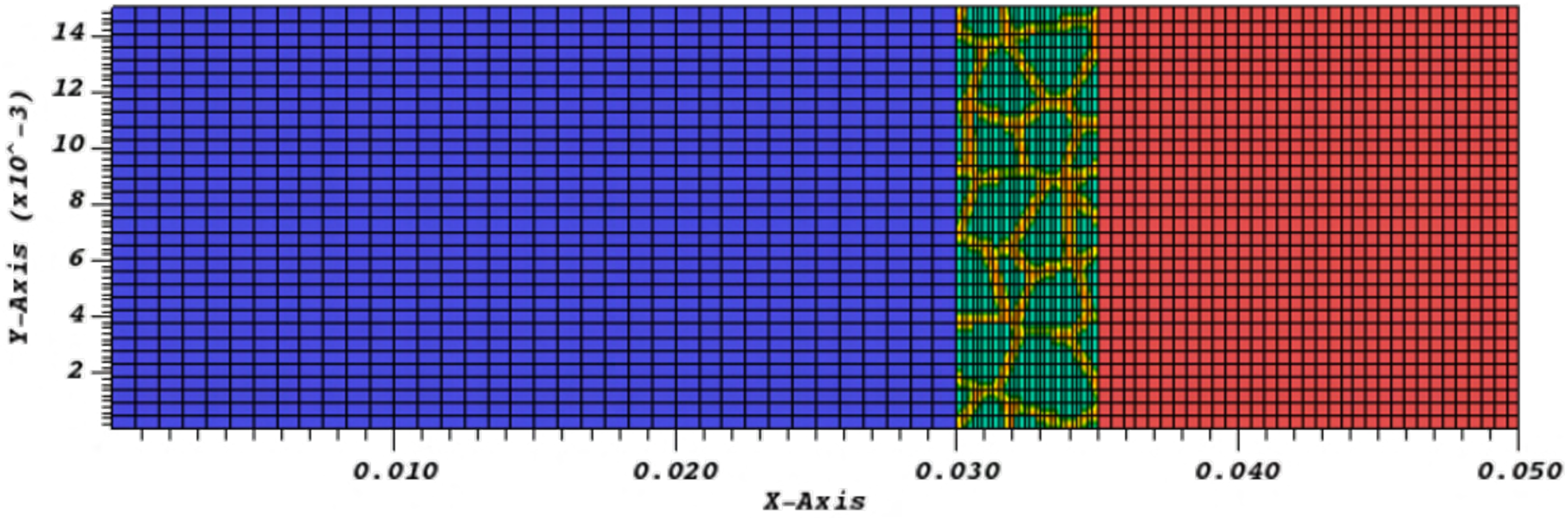
python powered

jupyter

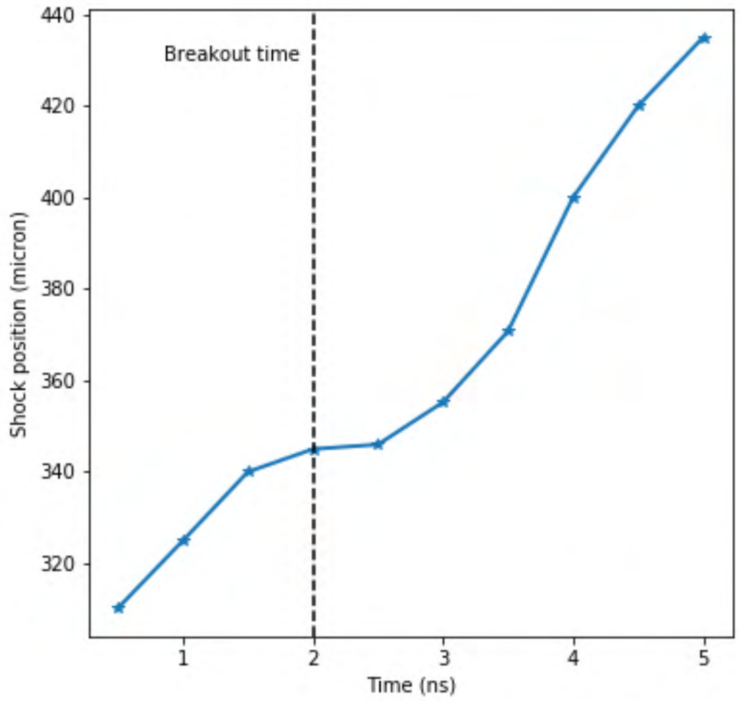
Science Enabling Results: Shock Front Tracking (VISAR)



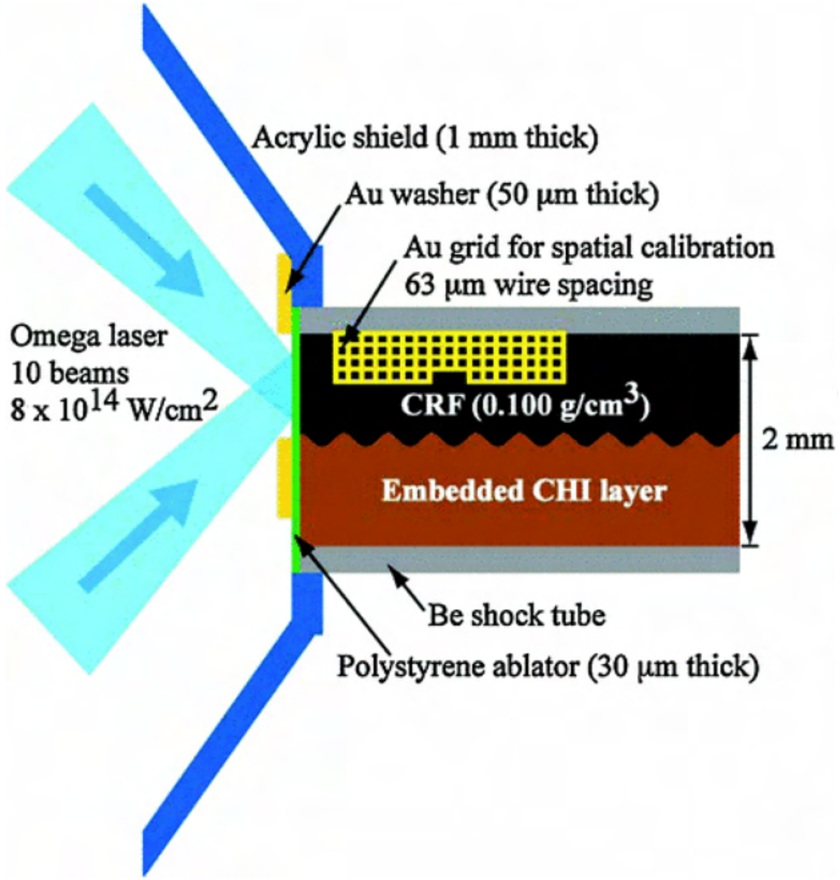
Velocity interferometer system for any reflector (VISAR)



Shock position tracked in Ascent



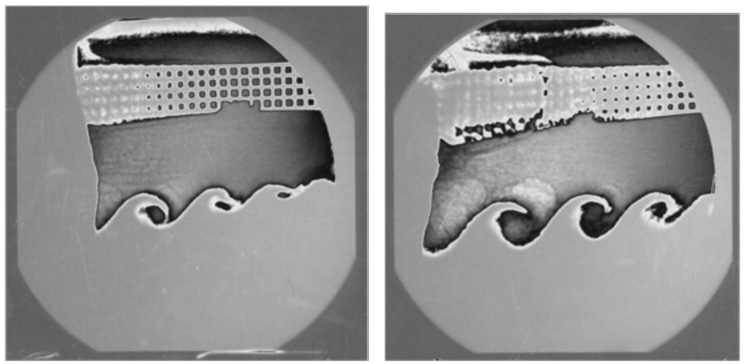
Science Enabling Results: Simulation Validation



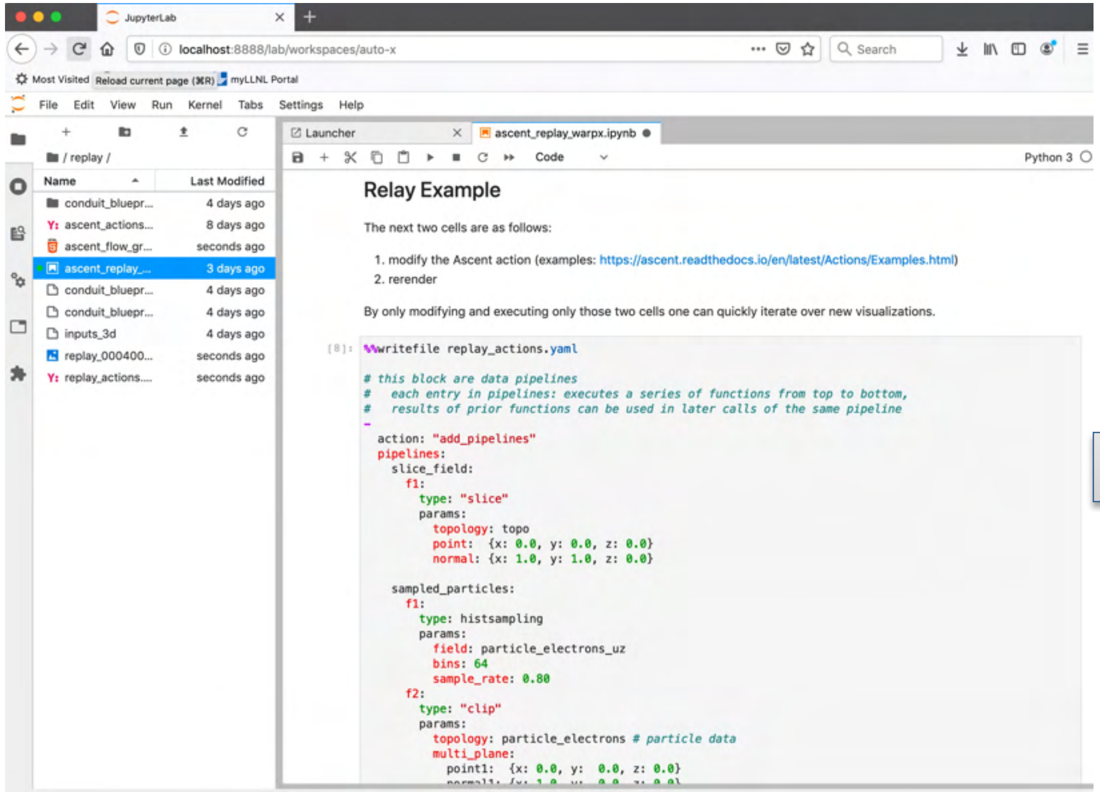
Radiographs

Simulated

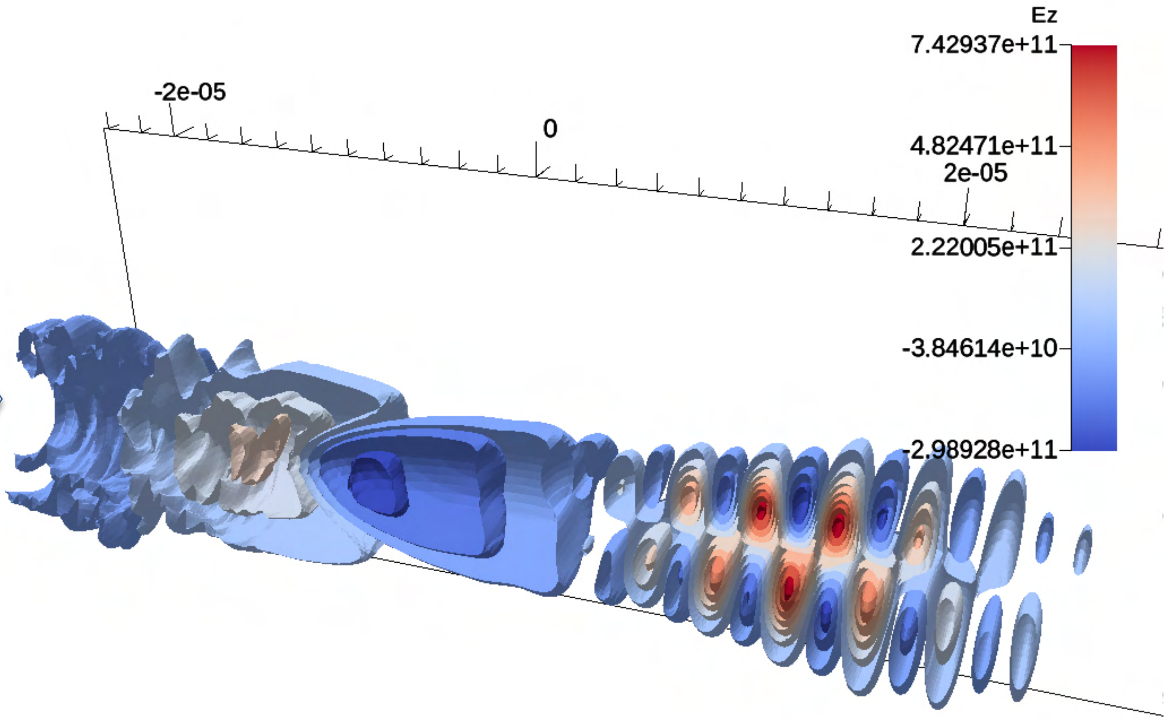
Experimental



Science Enabling Results: WarpX Workflow Tools (Jupyter Labs)



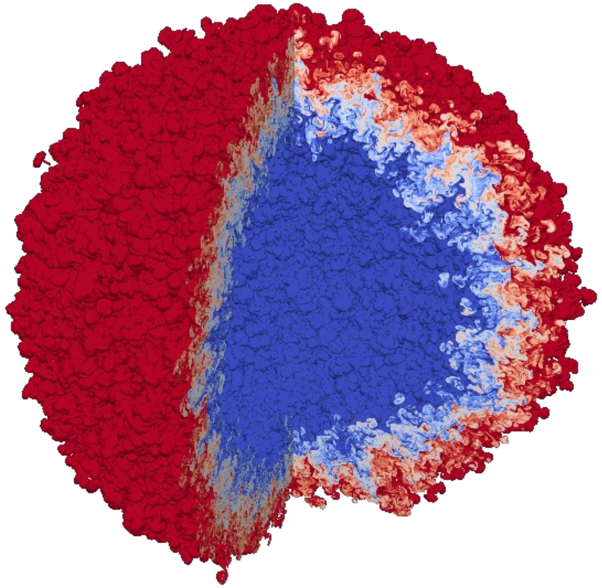
Jupyter Labs Interface



Resulting Image

Science Enabling Results: Rendering At Scale (2018)

- The ***97.8 billion*** element simulation ran across ***16,384 GPUs*** on ***4,096 Nodes***
- The simulation application used **CUDA** via **RAJA** to run on the GPUs
- Time-varying evolution of the mixing was visualized in-situ using **Ascent**, also leveraging 16,384 GPUs
- Ascent leveraged **VTK-m** to run visualization algorithms on the GPUs



Visualization of an idealized Inertial Confinement Fusion (ICF) simulation of Rayleigh-Taylor instability with two fluids mixing in a spherical geometry.

Today we will teach you about Ascent's API and capabilities

You will learn:

- How to use Conduit, the foundation of Ascent's API
- How to get your simulation data into Ascent
- How to tell Ascent what pictures to render and what analysis to execute

Ascent tutorial examples are outlined in our documentation and included ready to run in Ascent installs

Ascent

latest

Search docs

Quick Start
Ascent User Documentation
Developer Documentation
⊟ Tutorial
Tutorial Setup
Introduction to Ascent
CloverLeaf3D Ascent Demos
Releases
Publications and Presentations

Docs » Tutorial

Edit on GitHub

Tutorial

This tutorial introduces how to use Ascent, including basics about:

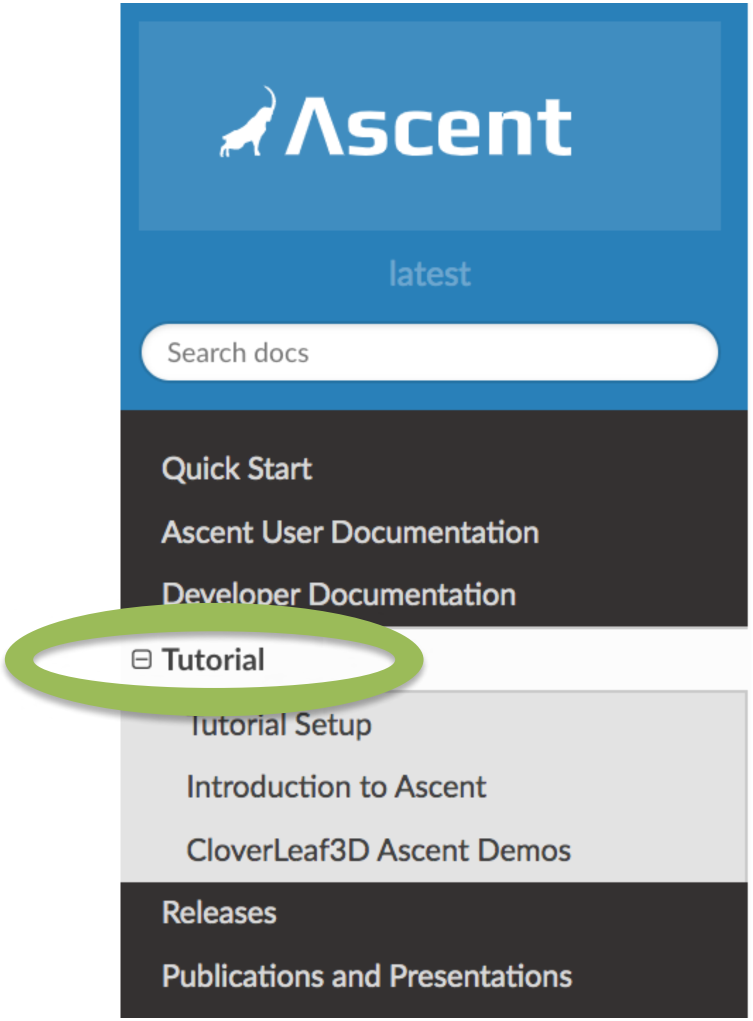
- Formating mesh data for Ascent
- Using Conduit and Ascent's Conduit-based API
- Using and combining Ascent's core building blocks: Scenes, Pipelines, Extracts, Queries, and Triggers
- Using Ascent with the Cloverleaf3D example integration

Ascent installs include standalone C++, Python, and Python-based Jupyter notebook examples for this tutorial. You can find the tutorial source code and notebooks in your Ascent install directory under `examples/ascent/tutorial/ascent_intro/` and the Cloverleaf3D demo files under `examples/ascent/tutorial/cloverleaf_demos/`.

http://ascent-dav.org

Ascent tutorial examples are outlined in our documentation and included ready to run in Ascent installs

- http://ascent-dav.org
- Click on "Tutorial"



Ascent's interface provides five top-level functions

- **open() / close()**
  — Initialize and finalize an Ascent instance
- **publish()**
  — Pass your simulation data to Ascent
- **execute()**
  — Tell Ascent what to do
- **info()**
  — Ask for details about Ascent's last operation

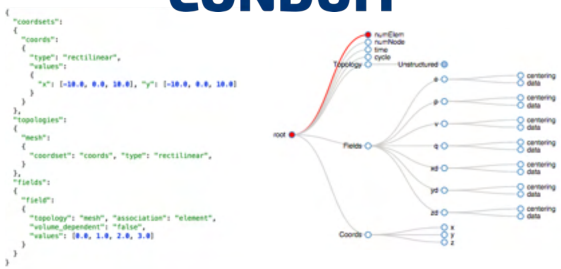
```
//
// Run Ascent
//

Ascent ascent;
ascent.open();

ascent.publish(data);
ascent.execute(actions);
ascent.info(details);

ascent.close();
```

The *publish(), execute(),* and *info()* methods take a Conduit tree as an argument.
What is a Conduit tree?

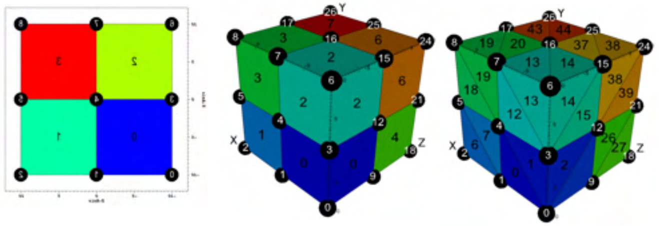
Conduit provides intuitive APIs for in-memory data description and exchange

- **Provides an intuitive API for in-memory data description**
  - Enables *human-friendly* hierarchical data organization
  - Can describe in-memory arrays without copying
  - Provides C++, C, Python, and Fortran APIs
- **Provides common conventions for exchanging complex data**
  - Shared conventions for passing complex data (e.g. *Simulation Meshes*) enable modular interfaces across software libraries and simulation applications
- **Provides easy to use I/O interfaces for moving and storing data**
  - Enables use cases like binary checkpoint restart
  - Supports moving complex data with MPI (serialization)

CONDUIT



Hierarchical in-memory data description



Conventions for sharing in-memory mesh data

http://software.llnl.gov/conduit

http://github.com/llnl/conduit

Website and GitHub Repo

Ascent uses Conduit to provide a flexible and extendable API

- Conduit underpins Ascent's support for C++, C, Python, and Fortran interfaces
- Conduit also enables using YAML to specify Ascent actions
- Conduit's zero-copy features help couple existing simulation data structures
- Conduit Blueprint provides a standard for how to present simulation meshes

Learning Ascent equates to learning how to construct and pass Conduit trees that encode your data and your expectations.

Ascent's interface provides five composable building blocks

Scenes
(Render Pictures)

Pipelines
(Transform Data)

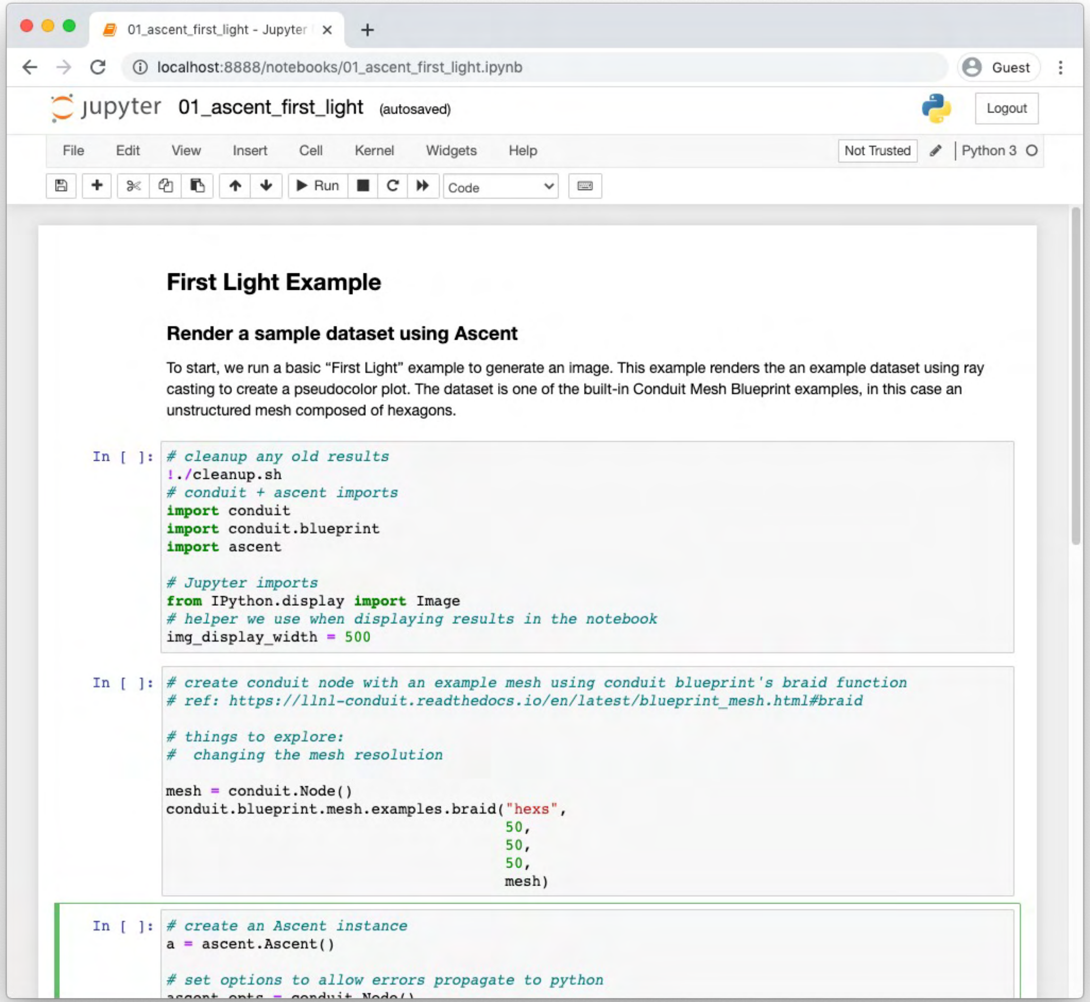
Extracts
(Capture Data)

Queries
(Ask Questions)

Triggers
(Adapt Actions)

The tutorial provides examples for all of these.

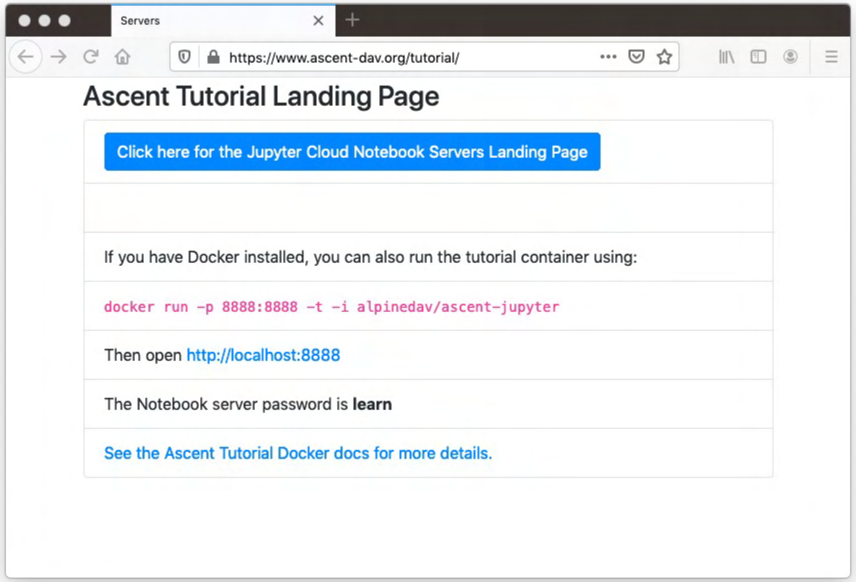
For the reminder of the tutorial, we will run the Ascent Tutorial examples using Jupyter Notebooks



You can run our tutorial examples using cloud hosted Jupyter Lab servers

Start here:

https://www.ascent-dav.org/tutorial/



Thanks!

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