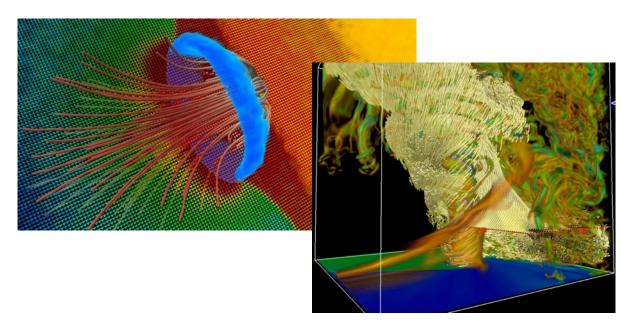
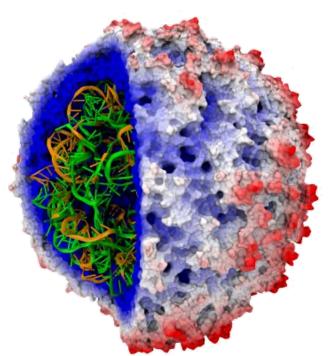
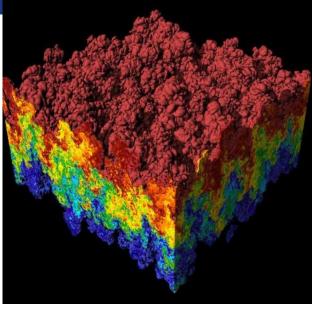


Data Analysis and Visualization













Visualization & Data Analysis

Time	Title of presentation	Lecturer	
8:30 am	Data Analysis and Visualization Introduction	Joe Insley ANL/NIU, Silvio Rizzi ANL, Victor Mateevitsi, ANL	
9:15 am	Scalable Molecular Visualization and Analysis Tools in VMD	Alex Bryer UD	
10:00 am	Break		
10:30 am	Large Scale Visualization with ParaView	Dan Lipsa Kitware	
12:00 pm	Visualization and Analysis of HPC Simulation Data with VisIt	Cyrus Harrison LLNL	
12:30 pm	Lunch		
1:30 pm	Visualization and Analysis of HPC Simulation Data with Vislt (Cont.)	Cyrus Harrison LLNL	
2:30 pm	Vapor	Scott Pearse NCAR	
3:30 pm	Break		
4:00 pm	Exploring Visualization with Jupyter Notebooks	David Koop <i>NIU</i>Cyrus Harrison <i>LLNL</i>	
5:30 pm	Hands-on	All	
6:30 pm	Dinner		
7:30 pm	After-dinner talk: Growing up at Argonne National Lab	Jack Dongarra <i>UT</i>	

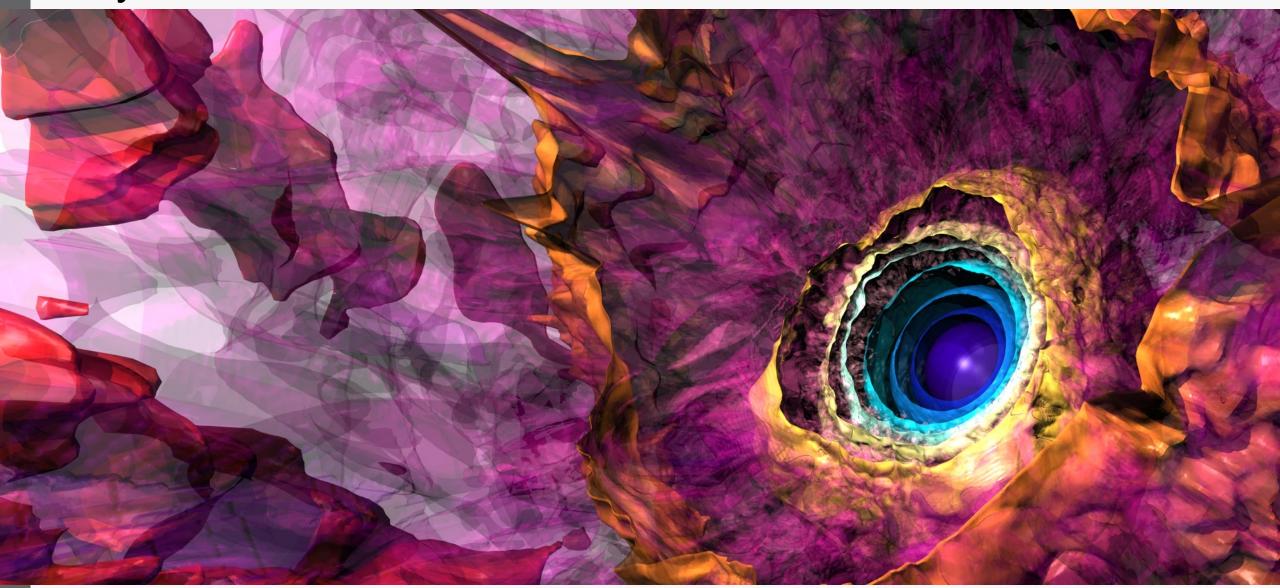
Here's the plan...

- Examples of visualizations
- Visualization tools and formats
- Data representations
- Visualization for debugging
- Advanced Rendering
- In Situ Visualization and Analysis

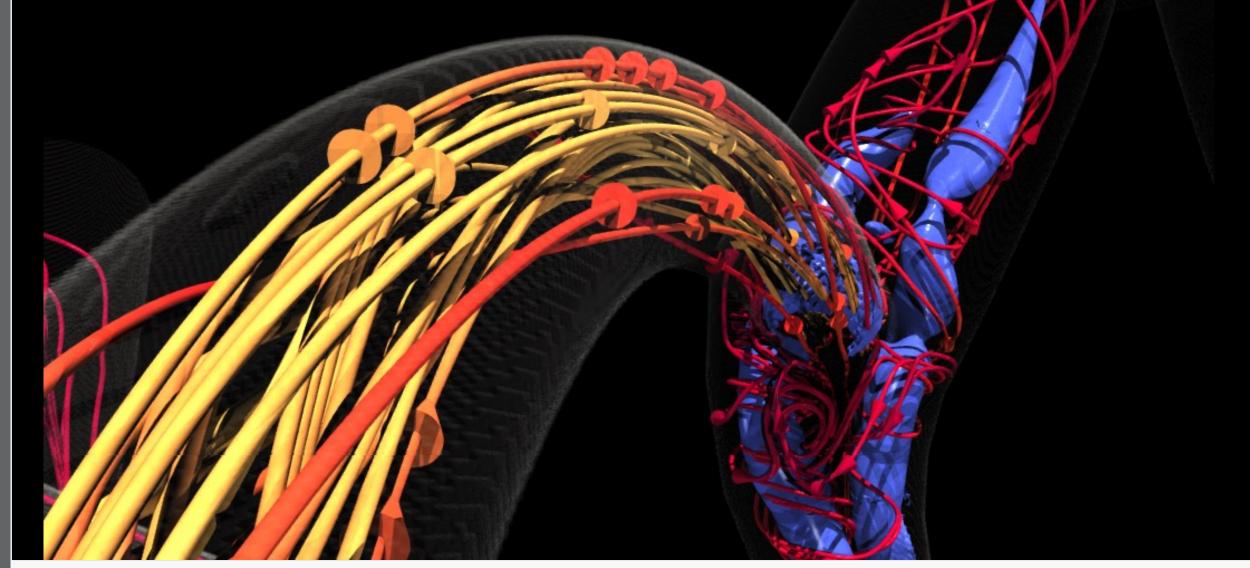


Physics: Stellar Radiation

Data courtesy of: Lars Bildsten and Yan-Fei Jiang, University of California at Santa Barbara



ARTERIAL BLOOD FLOW



Data courtesy of: Amanda Randles, Duke University



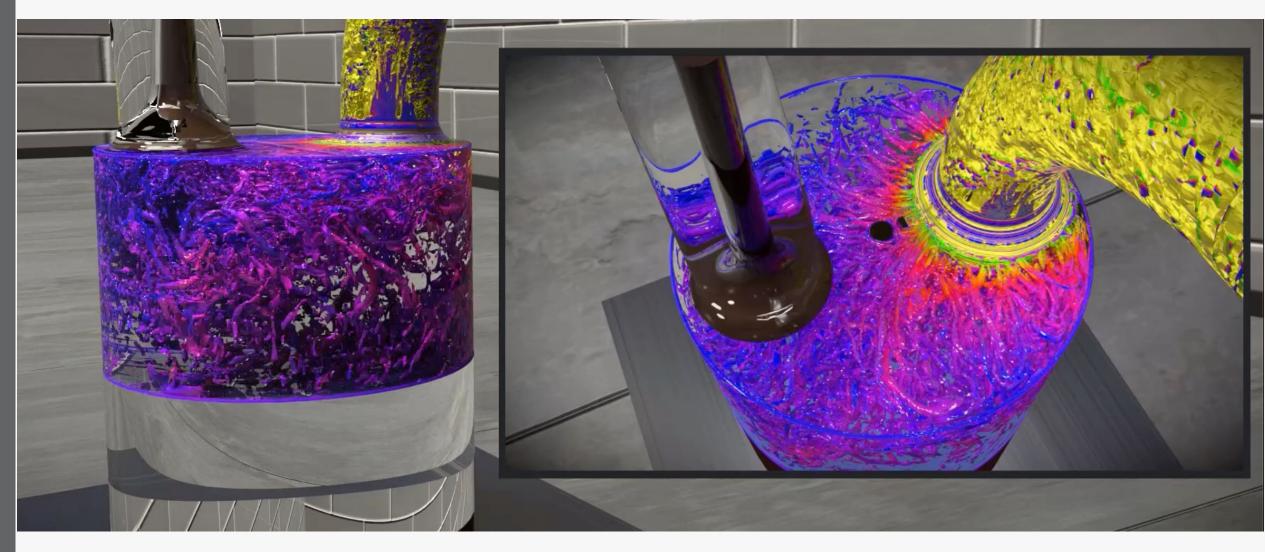
Computational Fluid Dynamics



Data courtesy of Rao Kotamarthi, Ramesh Balakrishnan, Aleks Obabko, Argonne National Laboratory



Engineering Technologies: Combustion



Data courtesy of: Saumil Patel, Muhsin Ameen, Sicong Wu, Argonne National Laboratory; Tanmoy Chatterjee, GE Global Research

Materials Science / Molecular

Data courtesy of:
Subramanian
Sankaranarayanan,
Argonne National
Laboratory



Data courtesy of: Paul Kent, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Anouar Benali, Argonne National Laboratory





All Sorts of Tools

Visualization Applications

- -VisIt
- –ParaView
- -EnSight
- Domain Specific
- -VMD, PyMol, Ovito, Vapor

APIs

- -VTK: visualization
- -ITK: segmentation & registration

Analysis Environments

- -Matlab
- –Parallel R
- **Utilities**
- -GnuPlot
- -ImageMagick





ParaView & Vislt vs. vtk

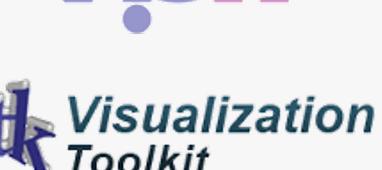
ParaView & VisIt

- -General purpose visualization applications
- -GUI-based
- -Client / Server model to support remote visualization
- -Scriptable / Extendable
- -Built on top of vtk (largely)
- -In situ capabilities

vtk

- –Programming environment / API
- Additional capabilities, finer control
- Smaller memory footprint
- -Requires more expertise (build custom applications)







Data File Formats (ParaView & Vislt)

VTK

Parallel (partitioned)

VTK

VTK MultiBlock

(MultiGroup,

Hierarchical,

Hierarchical Box)

Legacy VTK

Parallel (partitioned)

legacy VTK

EnSight files

EnSight Master

Server

Exodus

BYU

XDMF

PLOT2D

PLOT3D

SpyPlot CTH

HDF5 raw image

data

DEM

VRML

PLY

Polygonal Protein

Data Bank

XMol Molecule

Stereo Lithography

Gaussian Cube

Raw (binary)

AVS

Meta Image

Facet

PNG

SAF

LS-Dyna

Nek5000

OVERFLOW

paraDIS

PATRAN

PFLOTRAN

Pixie

PuReMD

S3D

SAS

Tetrad

UNIC

VASP

ZeusMP

ANALYZE

BOV

GMV

Tecplot

Vis5D

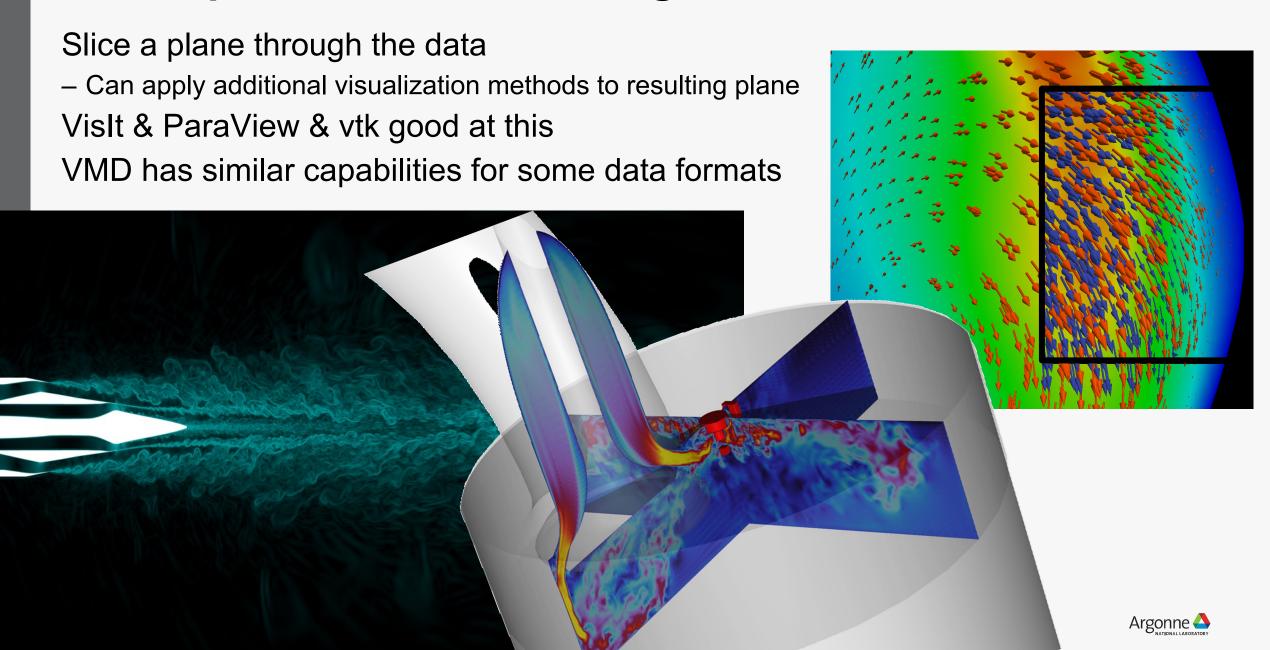
Xmdv

XSF

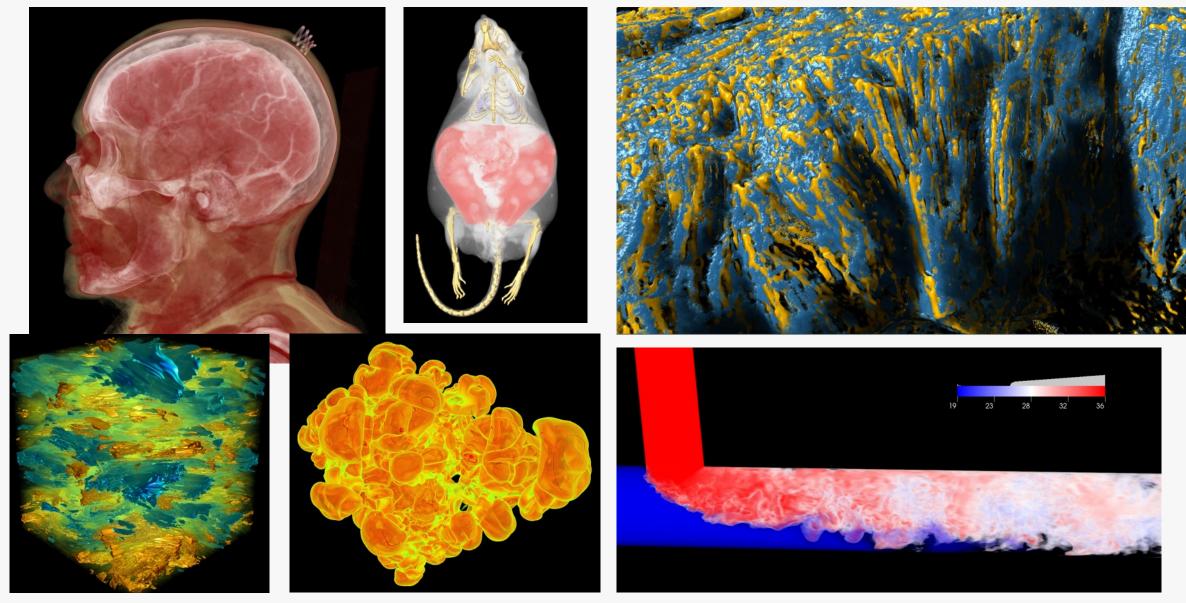




Data Representations: Cutting Planes



Data Representations: Volume Rendering



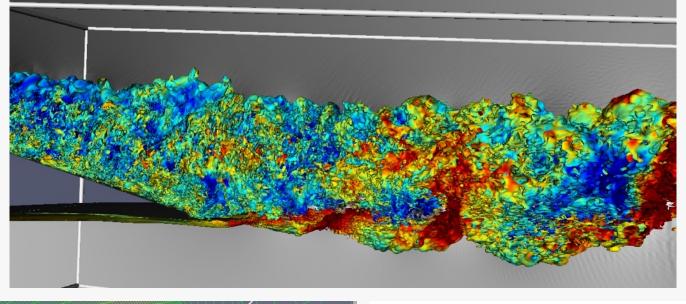
Data Representations: Contours (Isosurfaces)

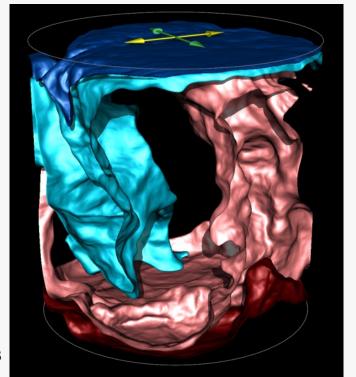
A Line (2D) or Surface (3D), representing a constant value Vislt & ParaView:

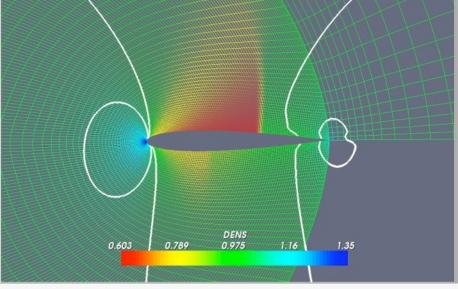
– good at this

vtk:

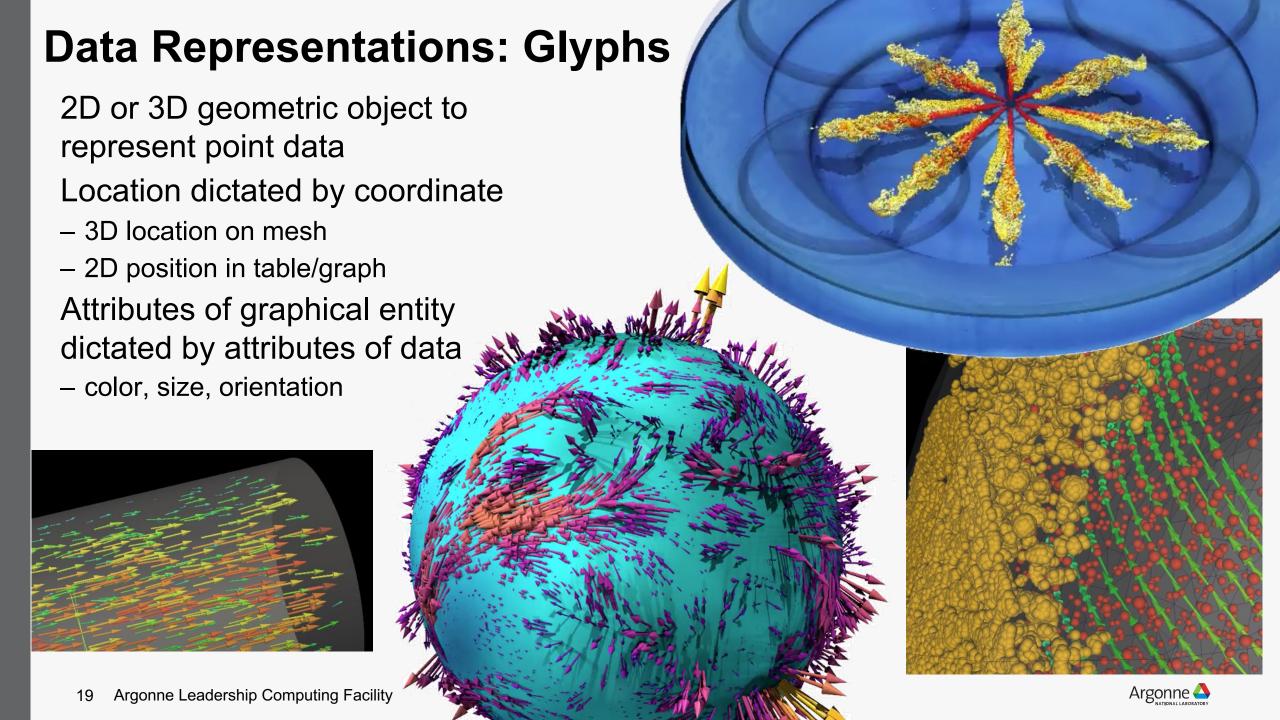
same, but again requires more effort









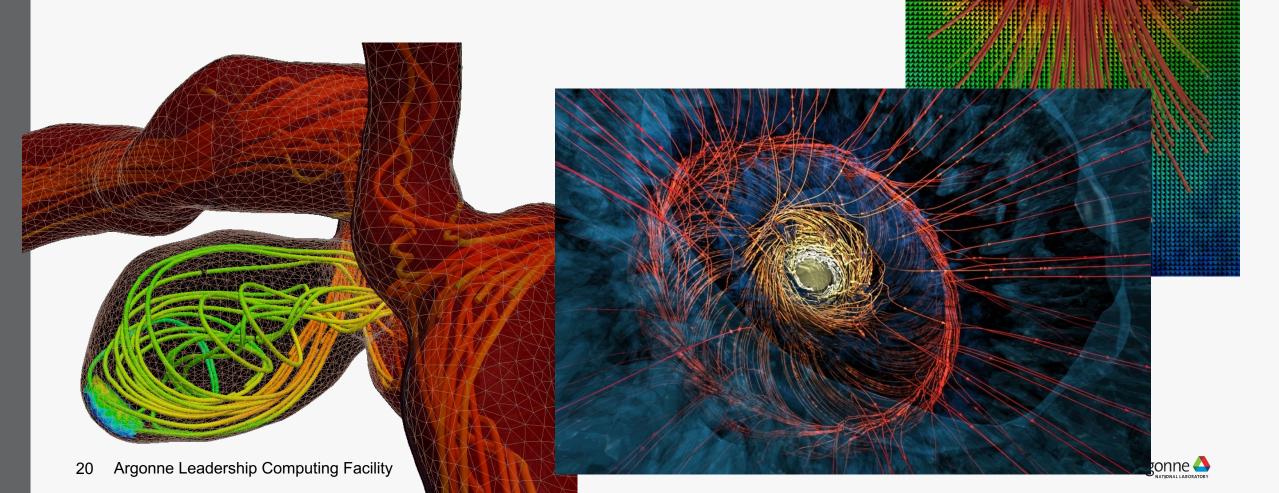


Data Representations: Streamlines

From vector field on a mesh (needs connectivity)

Show the direction an element will travel in at any point in time.

VisIt & ParaView & vtk good at this

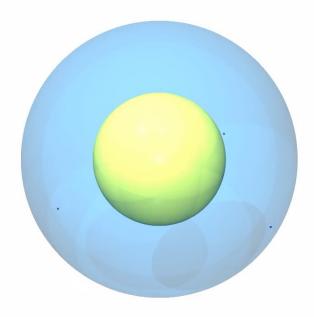


Data Representations: Pathlines

From vector field on a mesh (needs connectivity)

- Trace the path an element will travel over time.

VisIt & ParaView & vtk good at this



Data Representations: Pathlines

From vector field on a mesh (needs connectivity)

Trace the path an element will travel over time.

VisIt & ParaView & vtk good at this



Molecular Dynamics Visualization

VMD:

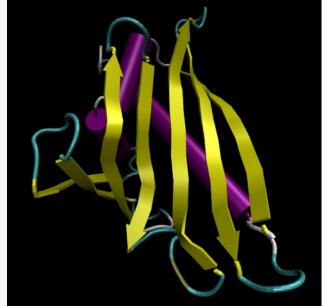
- Lots of domain-specific representations
- Many different file formats
- Animation
- Scriptable

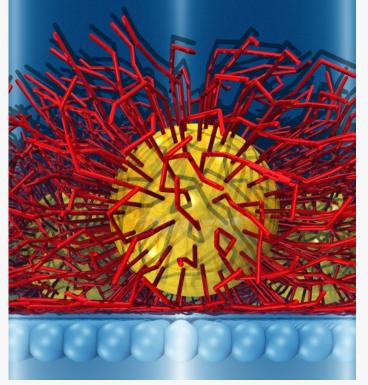
VisIt & ParaView:

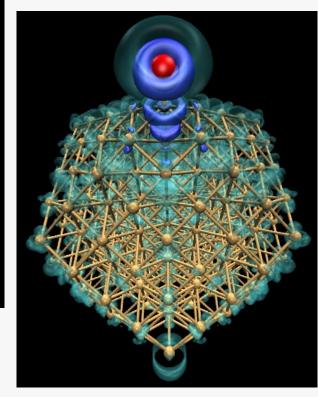
 Limited support for these types of representations, but improving

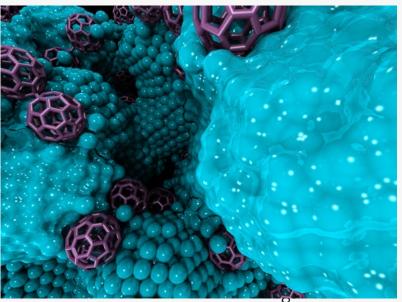
VTK:

Anything's possible if you try hard enough



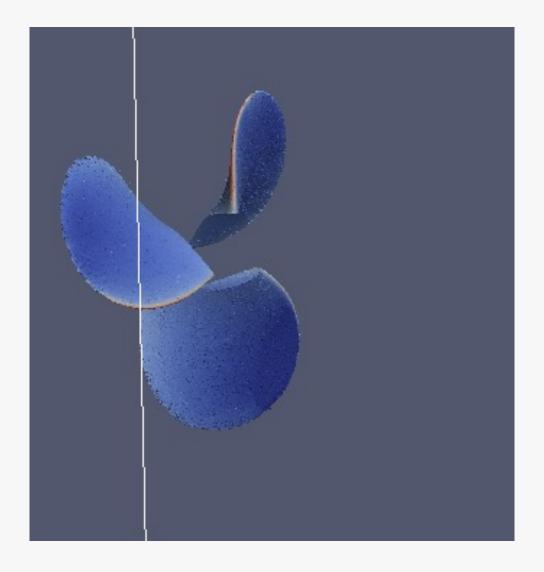




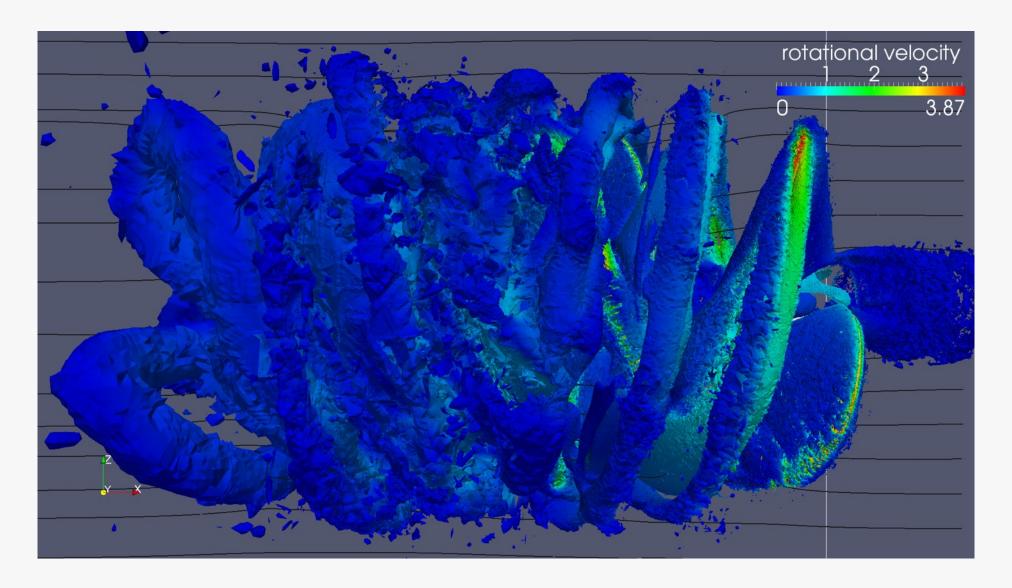




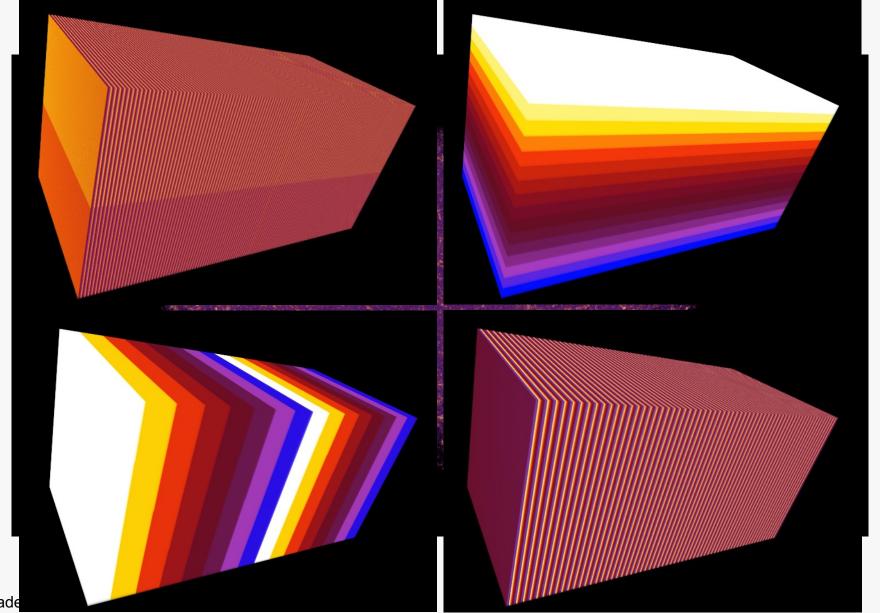
Visualization for Debugging



Visualization for Debugging

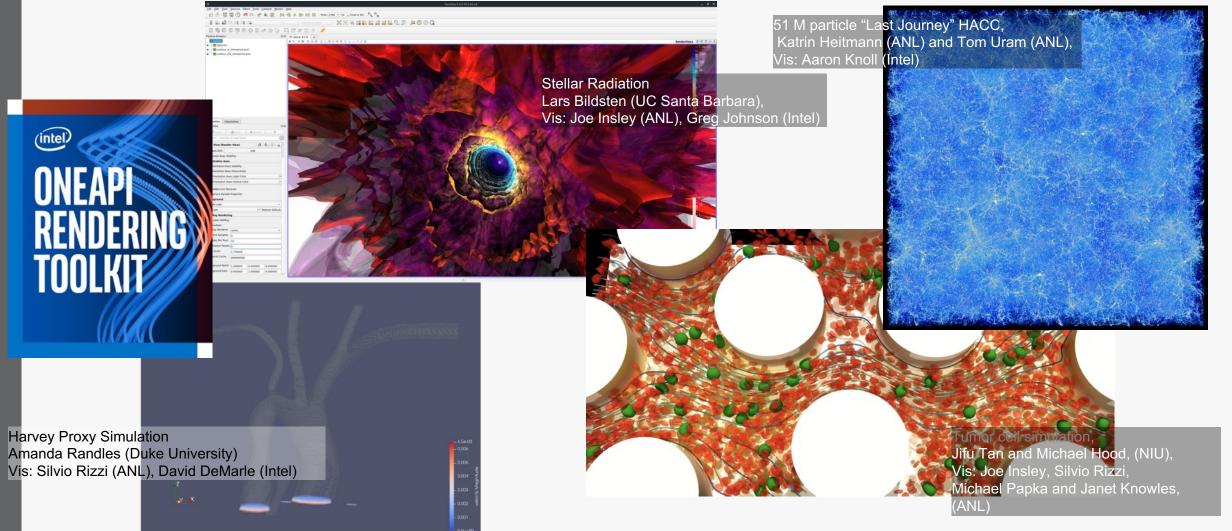


Visualization as Diagnostics: Color by Thread ID





Intel® oneAPI Rendering Toolkit ("Render Kit"/"Render Framework") Open Source Software for Advanced Rendering and Visualization

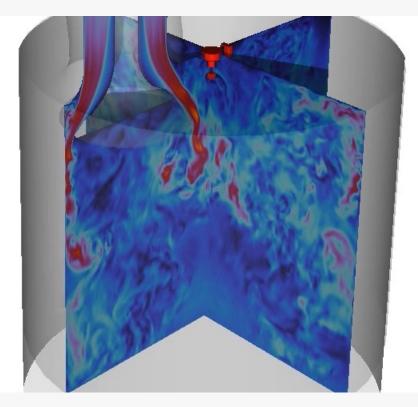


The Science

Internal Combustion Engine Simulation



TCC Engine Apparatus

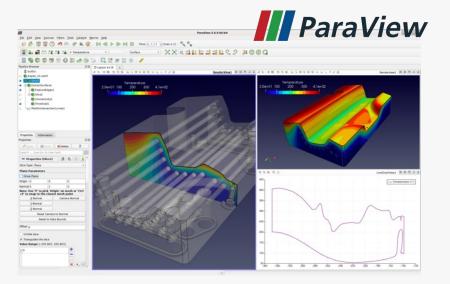


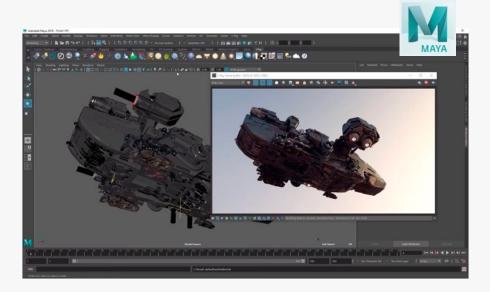
Fluid Dynamics Simulation

Goal

Provide context to tell the story/explain the science Integrate production tools into the existing visualization pipeline Tools used:

- ParaView
- Maya
- Substance Painter
- V-Ray
- Custom scripts and HPC Resources
- ffmpeg
- Premiere/After Effects





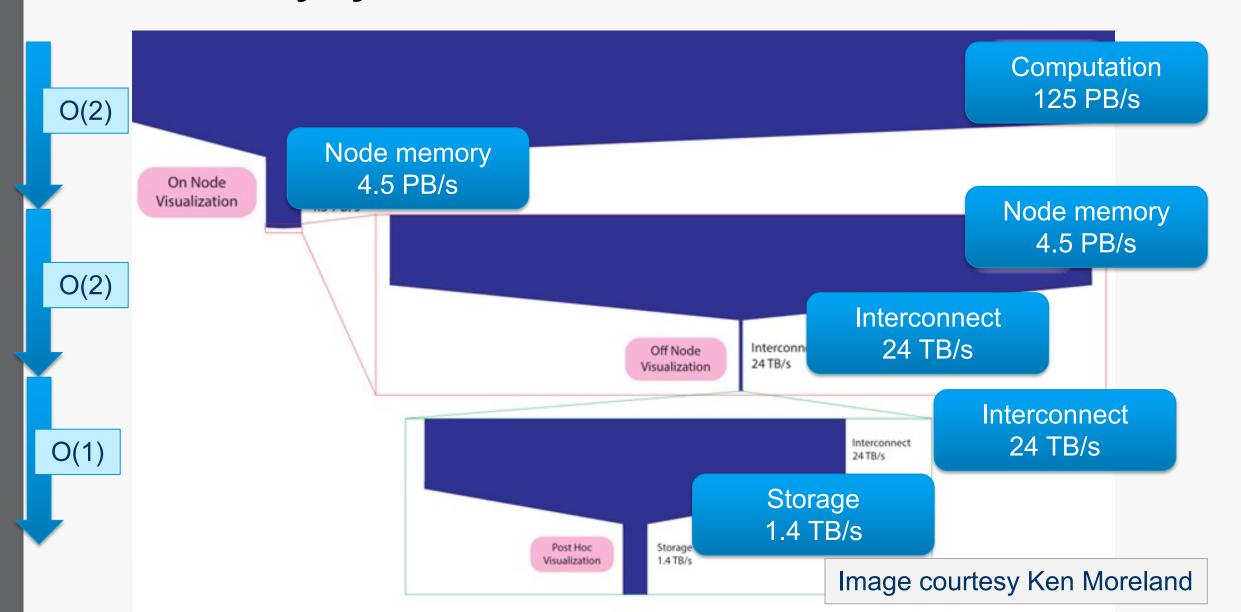


THE VISUALIZATION PIPELINE

Overview Visualization Cluster (A) A·LIAY ParaView **Export** Convert to geometry **VRMESH** Transfer VRSCENE Local Workstation Transfer a few time steps Export to VRSCENE Materials Modeling Colors Lighting

In Situ Visualization and Analysis

Five orders of magnitude between compute and I/O capacity on Titan Cray system at ORNL



What are the problems?

- Not enough I/O capacity on current HPC systems, and the trend is getting worse.
- If there's not enough I/O, you can't write data to storage, so you can't analyze it: <u>lost science.</u>
- Energy consumption: it costs a lot of power to write data to disk.
- Opportunity for doing better science (analysis) when have access to full spatiotemporal resolution data.

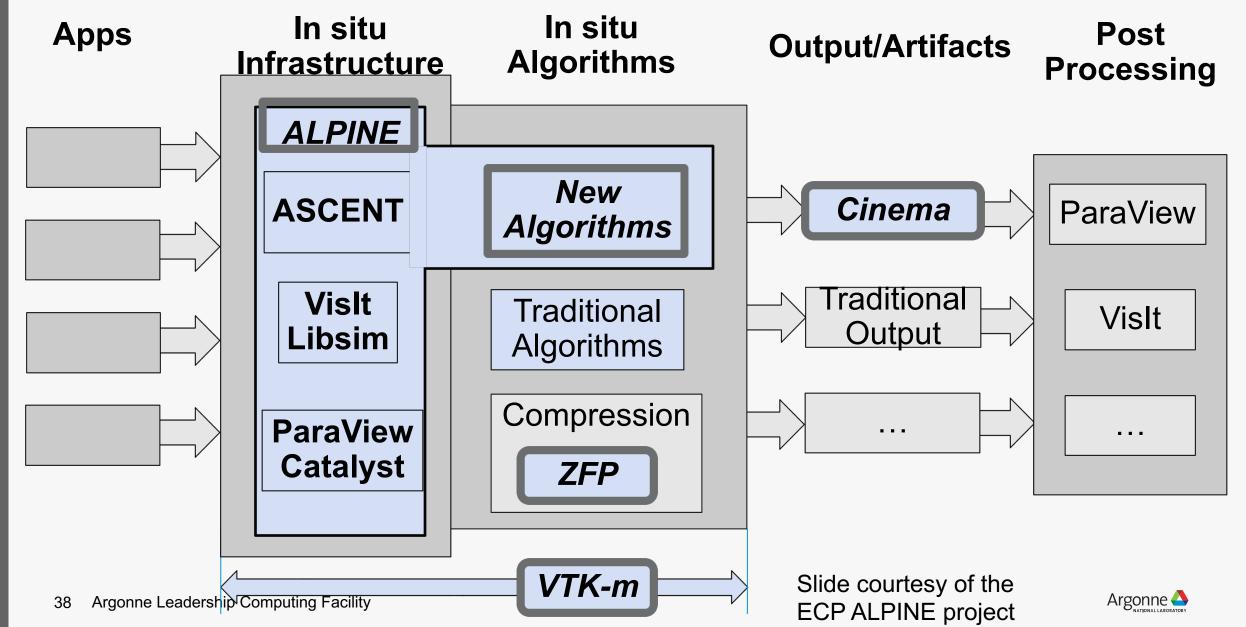
Slide courtesy the SENSEI team www.sensei-insitu.org

In Situ Frameworks and Infrastructures at ALCF

Name	Description	Contact person at ATPESC
ALPINE	In Situ algorithms and infrastructure for the Exascale Computing Project	Silvio Rizzi, Cyrus Harrison
ASCENT	A flyweight in situ visualization and analysis runtime for multi-physics HPC simulations	Cyrus Harrison
SENSEI	Write once run anywhere. Multiple backends. MxN in transit communication patterns	Silvio Rizzi, Joe Insley
ParaView/Catalyst	In situ use case library, with an adaptable application programming interface (API), that orchestrates the delicate alliance between simulation and analysis and/or visualization tasks	Dan Lipsa
Libsim	Originally developed to facilitate interactive connections from VisIt to running simulations	Cyrus Harrison
SmartSim	SmartSim is a software framework that facilitates the convergence of numerical simulations and AI workloads on heterogeneous architectures	Silvio Rizzi



Exascale Computing Project Software Technology Data and Visualization





- Flyweight design, minimizes dependencies
- Data model based on Conduit from LLNL
- Vis and analysis algorithms implemented in VTK-m

```
//
// Run Ascent
//

Ascent ascent;
ascent.open();
ascent.publish(data);
ascent.execute(actions);
ascent.close();
```

SENSEI: Write once run everywhere



- "Write once, run everywhere" design
- Data model based on VTK from Kitware
- Supports a variety of backends, including ParaView/Catalyst, VisIt/LibSim, ADIOS, Python
- MxN in transit capabilities



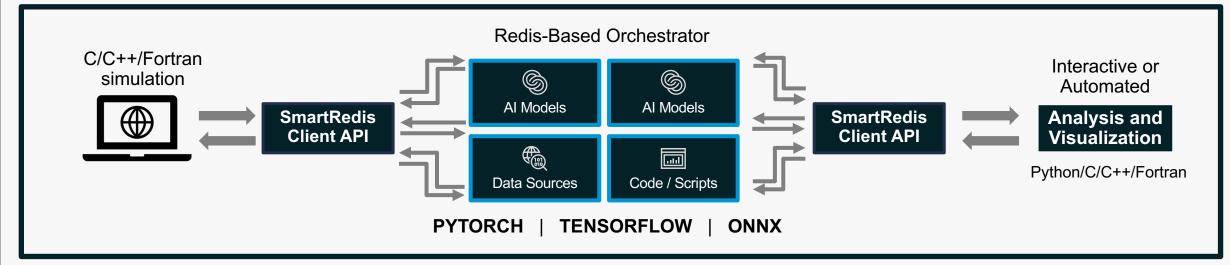
SmartSim Overview

The SmartSim open-source library enables scientists, engineers, and researchers to embrace a "data-in-motion" philosophy to accelerate the convergence of Al/data science techniques and HPC simulations

SmartSim enables simulations to be used as engines within a system, producing data, consumed by other services enable new applications

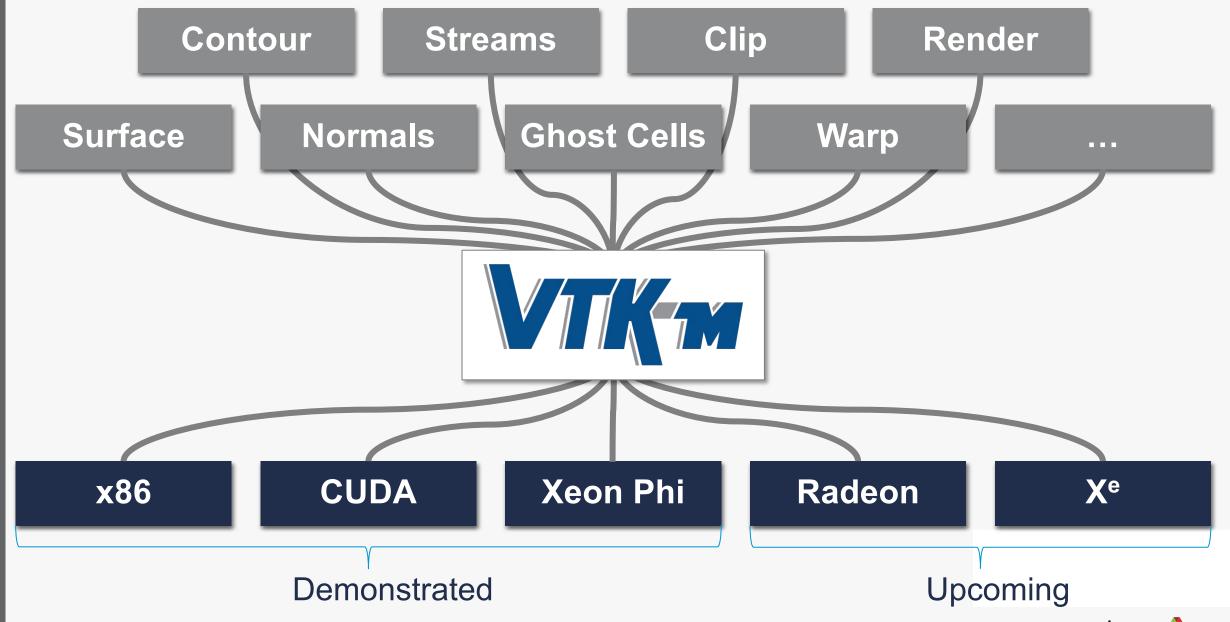
- Embed **machine learning** training and inference with **existing** in Fortran/C/C++ **simulations**
- Communicate data between C, C++, Fortran, and Python applications
- Analyze and visualize data streamed from HPC applications while they are running
- Launch, configure, and coordinate complex simulation, analysis, and visualization workflows

All of these can be done without touching the filesystem, i.e. data-in-motion





VTK-m's main thrust: a write-once-run-everywhere framework



What is Cinema?

- Cinema is part of an integrated workflow, providing a method of extracting, saving, analyzing or modifying and viewing complex data artifacts from large scale simulations.
 - If you're having difficulty exploring the complex results from your simulation, Cinema can help.
- The Cinema 'Ecosystem' is an integrated set of writers, viewers, and algorithms that allow scientists to export, analyze/modify and view Cinema databases.
 - This ecosystem is embodied in widely used tools (ParaView, Vislt, Ascent) and the database specification.



In Situ Computational Fluid Dynamics

Team: Paul Fisher et al.

NekRS



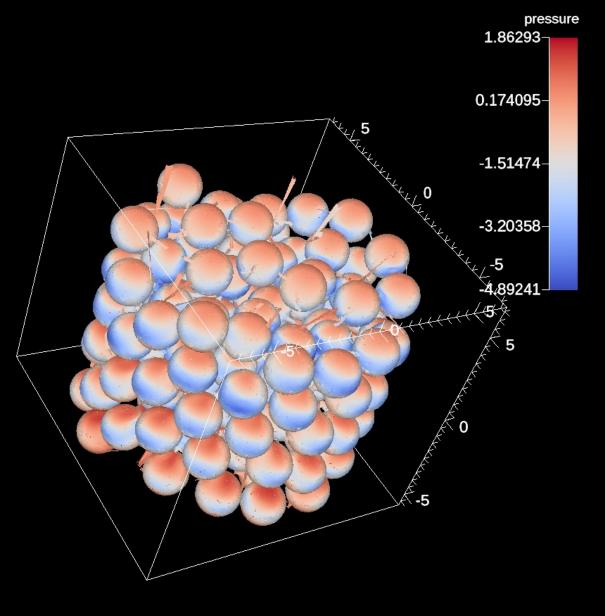
- CFD code
- Simulates turbulent incompressible or low Mach-number flows with heat transfer and species transport.
- Supports heterogeneous platforms
- Legacy code: Nek5000

As the resolution of the simulation increases, scientists turn to performing analysis in situ, doing their analysis while data is still resident in memory. Such capabilities enable study of turbulence statistics at these extremely high resolutions.

NekRS + Ascent

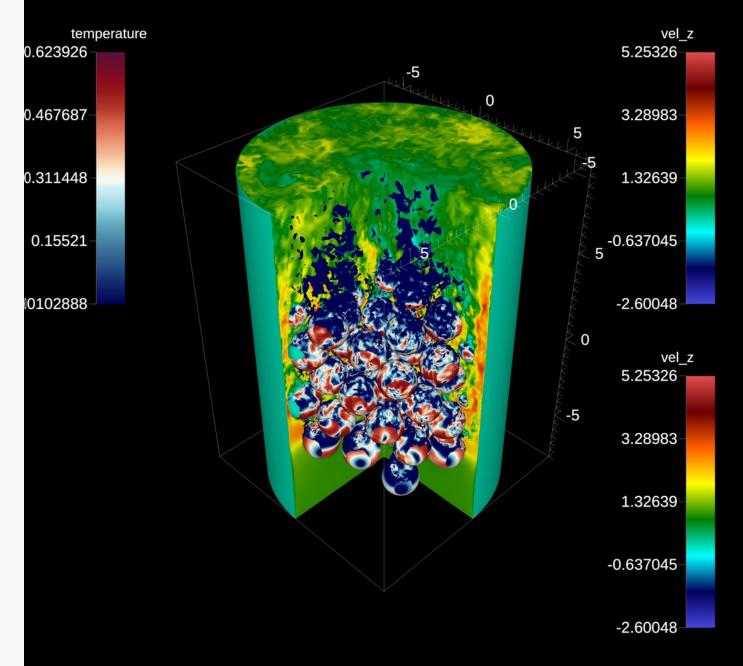
- Data is passed by reference (zero-copy)
 - CPU -> CPU or GPU -> GPU
- Ascent is disabled by default
 - Binary is bit by bit identical with non-instrumented code
- Full functionality of Ascent at your disposal
- Closely working with NekRS team, who are testing the instrumentation and providing feedback



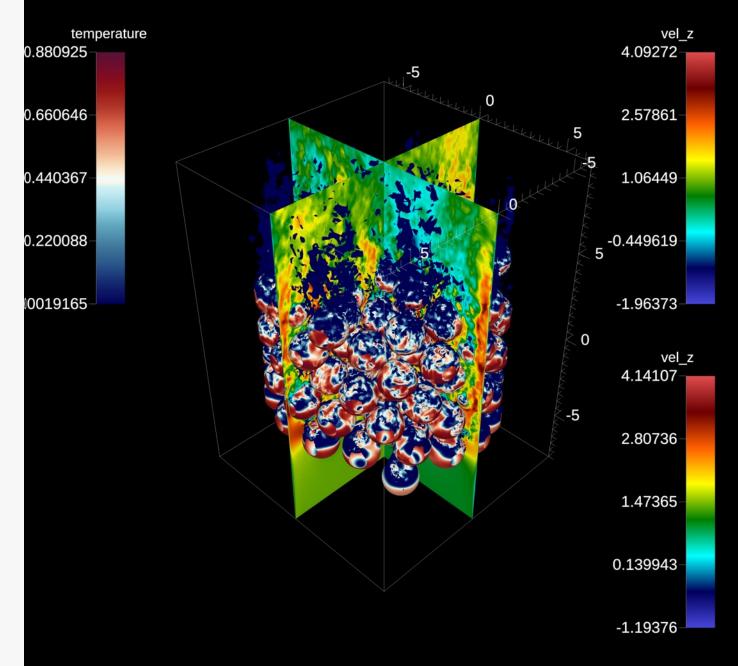


70.103.01 Driver Version: 470.103.01 CUDA Version: 11.4 Persistence-MI Bus-Id Disp.A | Volatile Uncorr. ECC | erf Pwr:Usage/Capl Memory-Usage | GPU-Util Compute M. | MIG M. I 00000000:07:00.0 Off I 1100-SXM... On 93% Default I 318W / 400W | 13934MiB / 40536MiB | Disabled | 1100-SXM... On | 000000000:46:00.0 Off | Default I 289W / 400W | 13928MiB / 40536MiB 95% Disabled 1 00000000:85:00.0 Off I 1100-SXM... On Default I 90% 319W / 400W | 13952MiB / 40536MiB Disabled | 100-SXM... On | 00000000:C7:00.0 Off | Default I 343W / 400W | 13952MiB / 40536MiB | 90% Disabled | ΞI GPU Memory PID Type Process name ĽD Usage √A 12689 C ...-ascent-polaris/bin/nekrs 13931MiB √A 12690 ...-ascent-polaris/bin/nekrs 13925MiB √A 12691 ...-ascent-polaris/bin/nekrs 13949MiB √A 12692 ...-ascent-polaris/bin/nekrs 13949MiB

Polaris - 40 ranks









Next steps...

Bi-directional steering



Visualization Help

support@alcf.anl.gov

Publication Images & Covers

Animations

- SC Visualization Showcase [Best Vis Finalist 2014-2020]
- APS Division of Fluid Dynamics Gallery of Fluid Motion
- SC Gordon Bell Submissions
- Press Releases

In Situ Vis and Analysis



Additional information

ALPINE: https://alpine.dsscale.org/

Ascent: https://github.com/Alpine-DAV/ascent

SENSEI: https://sensei-insitu.org/

SmartSim: https://developer.hpe.com/platform/smartsim/home/

ParaView/Catalyst: https://www.paraview.org/in-situ/

Libsim: https://www.visitusers.org/index.php?title=VisIt-tutorial-in-situ

VTK-m: https://m.vtk.org/

Cinema: https://cinemascience.github.io/

OSPRay: https://github.com/ospray/ospray



